

INDIAN CLIMATE BASED INDIAN GEOGRAPHY MCQ PRACTICE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS PDF WITH EXPLANATION

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Created By [Careericons](#) Team

Q1. The Daily Weather Map of India is prepared and printed at

- a) Mumbai
 - b) Pune
 - c) Kolkata
 - d) New Delhi
-

Q2. India's Northern plains get winter rainfall due to

- a) Monsoon in Bay of Bengal
 - b) Retreating Monsoon
 - c) Western Disturbance
 - d) Monsoon in Arabian sea
-

Q3. The South West monsoon engulfs the entire India by

- a) 15th June
 - b) 15th July
 - c) 5th June
 - d) 1st July
-

Q4. The average annual temperature of a meteorological station is 26°C, its average annual rainfall is 63 cm and the annual range temperature is 9°C. The station in question is

- a) Chennai
- b) Kolkata

c) Allahabad

d) Cherrapunji

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Q5. Consider the following statements.

1. The duration of the monsoon decreases from Southern India to Northern India.
2. The amount of annual rainfall in the Northern plains of India decreases from East to West.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- a) Only 2
- b) Neither 1 nor 2
- c) Only 1
- d) Both 1 and 2

Q6. Assertion (A):

India is a Monsoonal Country.

Reason (R):

The high Himalayas impart it climatic distinctiveness.

Code

- a) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is **not** the **correct** explanation of (A)
- b) (A) is false, but (R) is true
- c) Both (A) and (R) are **true** and (R) is the **correct** explanation of (A)
- d) (A) is true, but (R) is false

Q7. Given below are two statements. One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other as Reason (R).

Assertion (A):

The frequency of landslides has increased in the Himalayas.

Reason (R):

There has been large scale mining in the Himalayas in recent years.

In the context of the above which one of the following is **correct**?

- a) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is **not** the **correct** explanation of (A)
 - b) (A) is false, but (R) is true
 - c) Both (A) and (R) are **true** and (R) is the **correct** explanation of (A)
 - d) (A) is true, but (R) is false
-

Q8. Match List-I (Natural Hazards) with List-II (Regions) and select the **correct** answer using the code given below the lists.

List I	List II
(Natural Hazards)	(Regions)
A. Floods	1. Himalayan Foothill Zone
B. Earthquakes	2. Jharkhand and Northern Odisha
C. Droughts	3. Plains of Uttar Pradesh and Bihar
D. Cyclones	4. Mid-Eastern India

Codes: A B C D

- a) 3 1 4 2
 - b) 4 2 3 1
 - c) 3 1 2 4
 - d) 2 3 1 4
-

Q9. India has been divided into how many Seismic Risk Zones?

- a) 6
 - b) 7
 - c) 5
 - d) 4
-

Q10. Amritsar and Shimla are almost on the same latitude, but their climate difference is due to

- a) Their distance from sea
 - b) Pollution in Amritsar
 - c) The difference in their altitudes
 - d) Snowfall in Shimla
-

Q11. When there is a very heavy rainfall in the Pushkar Hills, where does floods occur?

- a) Sawai Madhopur
 - b) Sojat
 - c) Ajmer
 - d) Balotra
-

Q12. Which of the following Water Management Strategy in India is cost-effective?

- a) Treatment and use of waste water
 - b) Recycling and Re-use of water
 - c) Improvement of the flusti system
 - d) Rain water harvesting
-

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Q13. Delhi gets winter rainfall due to

- a) north east monsoons
 - b) western disturbance
 - c) south west monsoons
 - d) conventional rain
-

Q14. High temperature and low pressure over the Indian Subcontinent during the summer season draws air from the Indian Ocean leading to the in-blowing of the

- a) South-West monsoon
- b) Westerlies
- c) South-East monsoon
- d) Trade winds

Q15. Declining of monsoon is indicated by

- 1. Clear sky
- 2. Pressure condition in Bay of Bengal
- 3. Rising temperature on land

Select your answer using the following code.

- a) Both 1 and 2
- b) Both 2 and 3
- c) Only 1
- d) 1, 2 and 3

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Answers to the above questions :

Q1. Answer: (b)

Daily Weather Map of India is prepared and printed at the National Data Centre of India Meteorological Department (IMD) at Pune. Daily weather reports and daily weather maps for India in printed form are available since 1878.

Q2. Answer: (c)

Q3. Answer: (b)

Derived from the Arabic word 'Mausam', monsoon implies a seasonal reversal in wind direction. These changes lead to changes in the seasonal distribution of rainfall and temperature.

Although the Andaman & Nicobar Islands receive monsoon as early as mid-May, the southwest monsoon enters the subcontinent's mainland through the Kerala coast.

The monsoon then gets divided into two parts: the Arabian Sea branch and the Bay of Bengal branch. It normally reaches Mangalore on the west coast and Vishakhapatnam on the east coast within four days.

Both the branches move to reach Mumbai and Kolkata on average between June 10 and 13. The monsoon crosses Varanasi, Ahmedabad and Bhopal by June 15.

Agra has to wait for another five days and Delhi by June 29. The two branches merge over Punjab and Himachal. By mid-July, the southwest monsoon engulfs the entire subcontinent.

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Q4. Answer: (a)

Q5. Answer: (d)

Q6. Answer: (c)

Q7. Answer: (c)

Q8. Answer: (a)

Q9. Answer: (d)

Q10. Answer: (c)

Q11. Answer: (d)

Q12. Answer: (d)

Q13. Answer: (b)

Delhi gets winter rainfall due to western disturbance.

Q14. Answer: (a)

Q15. Answer: (d)

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